

Bottle Safety & Preparation Policy

As young children (particularly those under 12 months) are still developing their immune system, they are more susceptible to food borne illnesses and infection. This therefore makes it imperative that education and care services implement and maintain the highest level of hygiene practices. Our Service will therefore ensure that safe practices are consistently maintained for handling, storing, preparing and heating breast milk and formula, and sterilizing bottles and teats.

National Quality Standard (NQS)

Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety				
2.1	Health	Each child's health and physical activity is supported and promoted.		
2.1.2	Health practices and procedures	Effective illness and injury management and hygiene practices are promoted and implemented.		
2.1.3	Healthy Lifestyles	Healthy eating and physical activity are promoted and appropriate for each child		
2.2	Safety	Each child is protected		
2.2.1	Supervision	At all times, reasonable precautions and adequate supervision ensure children are protected from harm and hazard		

Education and Care Services National Regulations

Children (Education and Care Services) National Law NSW			
77	Health, hygiene and safe food practices		
78	Food and beverages		
168	Education and care services must have policies and procedures		

Related Policies

Nutrition and Food Safety Policy (including breastfeeding)

Work Health and Safety

Health and Safety



PURPOSE

To ensure our Service maintains a safe and hygienic environment for all infants and toddlers requiring a bottle, educators will prepare bottles safely and hygienically in accordance with recognised guidelines.

SCOPE

This policy applies to children, families, staff, management and visitors of the Service.

IMPLEMENTATION

To ensure that bottles are consistently prepared in a safe and hygienic manner Educators will adhere to Service procedures at all times.

Management will ensure:

- That the Nominated Supervisor and Educators are aware of the procedures for preparing, heating and storing bottles of formula and breast milk.
- That children have access to safe drinking water at all times and are regularly offered food and beverages appropriate to their individual needs
- Infants over 6 months of age are given small amounts of cooled boiled tap water in addition to breastmilk or formula.
- Procedures for the safe storage and heating of food provided in bottles are strictly adhered to.
- Families are provided with accurate nutrition and feeding information.
- Infants are given only breast milk, formula, or cooled boiled water: They are not given fruit juice in their bottle due to the increase risk of tooth decay.

A Nominated Supervisor/ Responsible Person will:

- Ensure that Educators implement the procedures for preparing, heating and storing bottles of formula and breast milk.
- Adhere to the procedure for the safe storage and heating of food provided in bottles.
- Provide infants over 6 months of age with small amounts of cooled boiled tap water in addition to breastmilk or formula.
- Ensure Infants and children are not given fruit juice in their bottle due to the increase risk of tooth decay.
- Ensure families are familiar with their responsibilities in accordance with the policy.



Educators will:

- Implement safe food handling practices.
- Wash hands thoroughly and wear gloves when preparing bottles
- Seek to provide a supportive environment for breastfeeding.
- Store all bottles in an appropriate area for food preparation and storage that complies with the food safety standards for kitchens and food preparation areas.
- Adhere to the procedure for the safe storage and heating of food provided in bottles.
- Provide infants over 6 months of age with small amounts of cooled boiled tap water in addition to breastmilk or formula.
- Not give Infants and children fruit juice in their bottle due to risk of tooth decay.
- Adhere to each child's feeding routine
- Ensure families are familiar with their responsibilities in accordance with the policy.
- Communicate regularly with families about infant and children's feeding patterns and routines.

Families will:

- Be informed during orientation that children's bottles must be clearly labelled with the child's name.
- Label bottles containing breast milk or formula with the date of preparation or expression.
- Be encouraged to supply breast milk in well labelled, multiple small quantities to prevent wastage.
- Be encouraged to keep formula powder at the service so that the formula can be prepared as required. Tins of formula must be clearly labelled with the child's name.
- Be asked to provide a labelled bottle(s) for use at the service for children having regular cow's milk in their bottles.
- Be encouraged to communicate regularly with educators about children's bottle and feeding requirements.
- Not put fruit juice in children's bottles

Heating Bottles:

- Heat bottles once only
- Before feeding the infant, check the temperature of the milk by letting a small drop fall on the inside of your wrist
- Do not microwave breast milk
- Do not refreeze thawed breast milk
- Discard any milk that has not been used.



Storing Breastmilk and Formula

For safe storage of formula and breast milk, refrigerators must be kept at 5°C or below and should have a non-mercury thermometer to monitor the temperature.

- Formula or breast milk must be kept refrigerated or frozen if not being immediately consumed.
- Whenever possible, make up formula as it is needed. Formula should not be refrigerated for more than 24 hours.
- Any remaining formula should be thrown out if an infant does not finish a bottle: It should not be frozen or reheated.
- Prior to placing bottle in the fridge, staff will check that it/they are labelled with the child's name.

Breast milk can be stored in several ways, which include:

- 1. Refrigerated for 3–5 days at 4°C or lower (4°C is the typical temperature of a standard fridge). Store breast milk at the back of the refrigerator, not in the door.
- 2. Storing bottles in the back of the fridge where it is coldest. Do not store bottles inside the refrigerator door
- 3. Frozen in a separate freezer section of a refrigerator for up to 3 months; if your freezer is a compartment inside the refrigerator, rather than a separate section with its own door, then only store the breast milk for 2 weeks. Frozen in a deep freeze (–18 °C or lower) for 6–12 months.

Frozen breast milk can be thawed:

- 1. In the refrigerator and used within 24 hours.
- 2. Standing the bottle in a container of lukewarm water and used straight away.

Source

- Australian Breastfeeding Association <u>www.breastfeeding.asn.au</u>
- Australian Children's Education & Care Quality Authority. (2014)
 Australian Government Department of Health. Get up & Grow: Healthy Eating and Physical Activity for Early Childhood.
 - $\frac{https://www1.health.gov.au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/phd-early-childhood-nutrition-resources}{}$
- Australian Government National Health and Medical Research Council. (2013). Eat for health:
 Infant feeding guidelines: Information for health workers.

 https://www.eatforhealth.gov.au/sites/default/files/files/the_guidelines/n56b_infant_feeding_summary_130808.pdf
- ECA Code of Ethics. (2016).



- Education and Care National Regulations. (2011).
- Guide to the National Quality Standard. (2020)
- National Health and Medical Research Council. (2013). Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services.
- NSW Ministry of Health. (2014). Caring for children birth to 5 years: Food, nutrition and learning experiences. https://www.health.nsw.gov.au/heal/Publications/caring-for-children-manual.pdf
- Safe Food and Health Service Executive. (2013). How to prepare your baby's bottle.

Review

Policy Reviewed	Modifications	Next Review Date
February 2017	Minor terminology changes made.	February 2018
October 2017	Updated the references to comply with the revised	February 2018
	National Quality Standards	
February 2018	Added the 'related policies' list	February 2019
	Included statements regarding handling & storage to	
	further support compliance	
February 2019	Re-worded opening statement and purpose.	February 2020
	Changed heading from Storing bottles to Storing breast	
	milk and formula.	
	Additional information added to points.	
	Rearranged the order of points for better flow.	
	Sources checked for currency.	
	New sources added.	
February 2020	Added section – Heating Bottles	February 2021
	Sources checked for currency	
	Added references	

Signature of Director:	
Busy Kids Child Care	